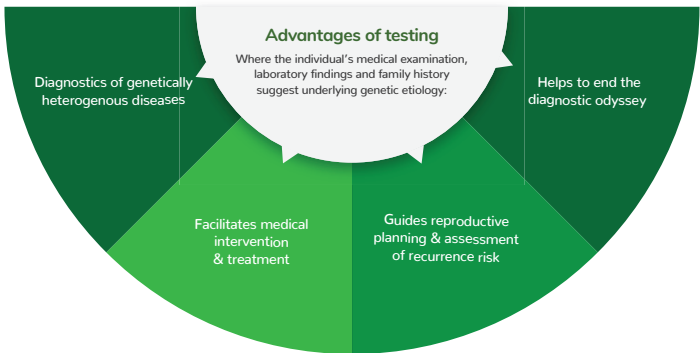
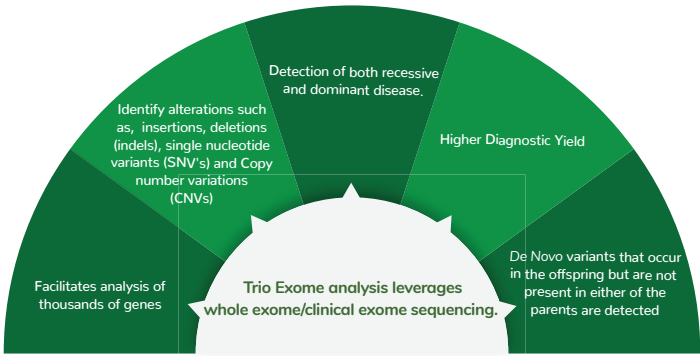


Trio Exome Analysis

A powerful approach for the identification of mutations for inherited diseases.



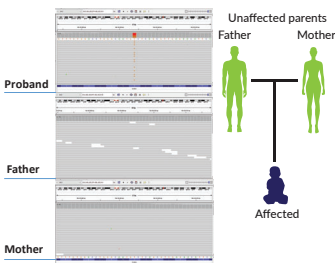
Test Features:

- Comprehensive QC including relatedness (Mendelian QC)
- Combined variant calling for increased accuracy of variant detection (in low coverage region)
- Better diagnostic yield compared to single proband analysis
- Ability of ascertain inheritance of clinically relevant variants i.e. compound heterozygous and de novo variants

	Clinical Exome (V3 -MedGenome)	Whole Exome (Agilent SSV5)
Panel Size	-29MB	-50MB
No of Genes	8342	22,713
Panel Coverage	80-100X	80-100X
Coverage at > 20X	>=95%	>=95%

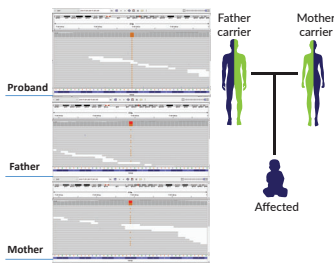
Examples:

Figure 1



De novo Mutation in proband

Figure 2



The homozygous variant observed in the proband was detected in the heterozygous state in both the parents.

Note: Triplet repeat expansions, translocations cannot be detected by this methodology. Genetic changes present outside of the targeted region will not be detected

MedGenome Offers

Sample Requirements

TAT

TRIO Analysis



Peripheral blood

OR



Purified genomic DNA

4 Weeks

Get in touch

1800 1033691
diagnostics@medgenome.com
medgenome.com

Locations

Bangalore | Chennai | Delhi | Kochi | Mumbai
Singapore | California